

# Area School Principals' Collective Agreement

30 June 2016 to 29 June 2019



## Area School Principals' Collective Agreement 2016-2019

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## **Part 1 - Coverage/Name of Agreement**

### **1.1 Name of the Agreement**

- 1.1.1 This agreement shall be called the Area School Principals' Collective Agreement and referred to hereafter as the "agreement".

### **1.2 Parties**

- 1.2.1 The parties to this agreement shall be:
- (a) The Secretary for Education acting under delegation from the State Services Commissioner made pursuant to section 23 and acting in accordance with section 74(5) of the State Sector Act 1988; and
  - (b) The New Zealand Post Primary Teachers' Association and The New Zealand Educational Institute Te Riu Roa (referred to hereafter as "the Association" and the "Institute" respectively).

### **1.3 Coverage**

- 1.3.1 This agreement covers Principals employed in area schools.
- 1.3.2 This agreement shall be binding on:
- (a) All employees who come within the coverage clause and who are at the commencement of the agreement or who become during the term of the agreement, members of the Institute or the Association.
  - (b) Pursuant to section 74(6) of the State Sector Act 1988, the employers of those employees.

### **1.4 Employees and Employers bound Subsequent to Settlement**

- 1.4.1 New employees whose work falls within the coverage clause of this agreement shall, in accordance with the Employment Relations Act 2000, be advised of the existence of this collective agreement and be offered the opportunity to join the Association or the Institute and thereby become bound by this agreement.
- 1.4.2 Employees who join the Institute or the Association during the currency of this agreement shall become bound by this agreement from the date on which they joined.
- 1.4.3 The parties agree that this agreement shall become binding on any new Board of Trustees which employs a Principal to whom clause 1.3.1 applies.

### **1.5 Term of Agreement**

- 1.5.1 This agreement shall come into force on 30 June 2016 and shall expire on 29 June 2019, except as provided for by s.53 of the Employment Relations Act 2000.

### **1.6 Variations**

- 1.6.1 The parties agree that the terms and conditions of this agreement may be varied at any time by written agreement between the Secretary for Education, under delegation from the State Services Commissioner made pursuant to section 23 of the State Sector Act 1988, and the Association and the Institute.

### **1.7 Certificated Teachers**

- 1.7.1 This agreement shall apply only to Principals who are certificated teachers.

## **1.8 Definitions**

1.8.1 The following definitions apply unless the agreement otherwise specifies:

- (a) “Advertised” means advertised nationally.
- (b) “Association”, means the Post Primary Teachers’ Association and “Institute” means the New Zealand Educational Institute. “Unions” means both the Association and the Institute.
- (c) “Employer” shall mean a Board of Trustees or where a Commissioner has been appointed under Part 9 of the Education Act 1989 to act in place of the Board of Trustees, the Commissioner. (Note: In relation to a dispute about the interpretation, application or operation of this agreement, the employer shall act, if the State Services Commissioner and/or the Secretary for Education acting under delegation so requires, together or in consultation with the State Services Commissioner and/or the Secretary for Education.)
- (d) “Employee” means a Principal who is, or becomes or is seeking to become bound by this agreement under clauses 1.3 or 1.4.
- (e) “Principal” shall mean an area school teacher who has been fully certificated or provisionally certificated or certificated subject to confirmation by the Education Council of Aotearoa New Zealand (Education Council) and who has been appointed to the position of Principal of an area school.

## **1.9 Declaration Pursuant to Act**

1.9.1 Pursuant to section 75 of the State Sector Act 1988, the terms and conditions contained in this agreement are declared actual terms and conditions, provided that concurrence may be given from time to time by the Secretary for Education under authority delegated from the State Services Commissioner, to additional terms and conditions, where such terms and conditions are not inconsistent with the terms and conditions contained in this agreement, and/or to the salary rates or allowances being treated as minimum rates where there is agreement to this between the employer and any of its employees.

**Note:** *Where an individual employee had such a concurrence issued by the State Services Commissioner or the Secretary for Education on the coming into force of this agreement, that concurrence is rescinded and the employee’s board will need to reapply to the Secretary for Education. Further information on concurrences can be found on the Ministry of Education website.*

## **Part 2 - General Provisions**

### **2.1 Responsibilities of the Board**

- 2.1.1 The board shall act as a good employer in all its dealings with the Principal. For the purposes of this agreement a good employer is an employer who treats employees fairly and properly in all aspects of their employment.
- 2.1.2 The board shall ensure that a performance agreement with the Principal is in place and undertake an annual performance review as outlined in part four of this collective agreement.
- 2.1.3 The Board shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that the Principal is provided with adequate resources to fulfil the responsibilities and duties required of the Principal under this agreement.

### **2.2 Responsibilities of the Principal**

- 2.2.1 During the currency of this agreement the Principal shall honestly and diligently carry out the duties and responsibilities as set out in:
  - (a) job description; and
  - (b) the performance agreement prepared annually in accordance with clause 4.1.2 of this agreement.
- 2.2.2 The Principal shall at all times maintain a professional standard of conduct and performance in all matters relating to the services and operation of the Board and shall not, during the term of this agreement or at any time thereafter, except so far as may be necessary for the proper performance of the Principal's duties and responsibilities, or as may be required by law:
  - (a) Disclose to any person any official information that has come to the Principal's knowledge in the course of the performance of this agreement;
  - (b) Use or attempt to use any such official information for the Principal's own personal benefit, or for the benefit of any other person or organisation, or in any manner whatsoever, other than in accordance with the Principal's duties and consistent with the obligation of honesty expected of a person in the Principal's position.
- 2.2.3 Upon the termination of employment the Principal shall deliver to the Board any official information, and any other property of the School, the Board or the Crown which may be in the Principal's possession or under the Principal's control.

### **2.3 Good Employer/Equal Employment Opportunities**

- 2.3.1 Attention is drawn to the State Sector Amendment Act (No 1) 1989 which outlines the responsibilities of the employer with regard to the operation of a personnel policy that complies with the principles of being a good employer and the equal employment opportunity responsibilities of the employer.

### **2.4 Appointments**

- 2.4.1 All appointments to advertised positions shall be permanent unless there are genuine reasons on reasonable grounds for appointing for a fixed term i.e. a long-term reliever.
- 2.4.2 All permanent and long-term relieving positions must be advertised nationally.

## **2.5 Hours of Work**

- 2.5.1 The Principal shall work the reasonable and necessary hours required to carry out the duties and responsibilities under this agreement. This may necessitate the Principal working more than 40 hours per week.
- 2.5.2 A Principal required by their employer to work on a Public Holiday (as listed in s44 of the Holidays Act 2003) shall be paid time and a half rates as per s50 of the Act.

## **2.6 Health and Safety**

- 2.6.1 The parties recognise the importance of ensuring good and safe working conditions through Health and Safety in the workplace and that it is a mutual obligation of the employer and employees to achieve this through a participative approach.
- 2.6.2 To this end, the employers and employees attention is drawn to the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015. This and other legislation, relevant codes of practice and guidelines are the reference points for gaining a common understanding of what those obligations are, what will assist in meeting those mutual obligations and also in promoting best practice.
- 2.6.3 Where a Principal's health and safety is shown to be at risk in the carrying out of her/his duties the employer shall take all reasonable steps as are necessary to remove or minimise the identified risk for the Principal and if appropriate, to do so in consultation with the relevant health and safety authorities.

## Part 3 - Remuneration

### 3.1 Principals' Remuneration

A Principal's remuneration shall comprise the school roll-based salary component (U grade) specified in clause 3.1.1 and the staffing based salary component (supplementary) specified in clause 3.1.2, the decile payment (where applicable), the Area School Principal's Payment and the Career Allowance (where applicable).

3.1.1 The Principal's salary shall be determined in accordance with the grade of the school (i.e. U1-U16):

#### School roll based salary component (U-grades)

U Grade	Roll size	Rate prior to 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
1	1-50	\$77,373	\$78,920	\$80,499	\$82,109
2	51-100	\$84,538	\$86,229	\$87,953	\$89,712
3	101-150	\$91,557	\$93,388	\$95,256	\$97,161
4	151-300	\$98,731	\$100,706	\$102,720	\$104,774
5	301-500	\$105,905	\$108,023	\$110,184	\$112,387
6	501-675	\$110,006	\$112,206	\$114,450	\$116,739
7	676-850	\$114,275	\$116,561	\$118,892	\$121,270
8	851-1025	\$118,547	\$120,918	\$123,336	\$125,803
9	1026-1200	\$121,450	\$123,879	\$126,357	\$128,884
10	1201-1400	\$124,353	\$126,840	\$129,377	\$131,964
11	1401-1600	\$128,589	\$131,161	\$133,784	\$136,460
12	1601-1800	\$132,827	\$135,484	\$138,193	\$140,957
13	1801-2000	\$136,788	\$139,524	\$142,314	\$145,161
14	2001-2,200	\$140,751	\$143,566	\$146,437	\$149,366
15	2,201-2,400	\$144,219	\$147,103	\$150,045	\$153,046
16	2,401+	\$147,687	\$150,641	\$153,654	\$156,727

#### 3.1.2 Staffing based salary component

In addition to the school roll-based salary specified in 3.1.1, the base salary of the Principals shall include the staffing-based salary calculated according to the following formula:

Total teacher staff (TTS)	Rates prior to 2 June 2016	Rates effective 2 June 2016	Rates effective 2 June 2017	Rates effective 2 June 2018
≤13	(\$709*TTS) + \$2,760	(\$723*TTS) + \$2,815	(\$738*TTS) + \$2,872	(\$752*TTS) + \$2,929
>13	(\$140*TTS) + \$10,547	(\$143*TTS) + \$10,758	(\$146*TTS) + \$10,973	(\$149*TTS) + \$11,193

The staffing funding component is based on total teacher staffing that includes entitlement, attached and additional staffing, in addition to entitlement staffing transfer, teacher specific time allowances and staffing for attached units under Boards of Trustees as determined in the Ministry staffing notice. It does not include teachers who may be employed above entitlement from a Board's operations funding.

**Note 1:** Total Teaching Staff (TTS) shall be based upon the higher of the GMFS staffing notice of the confirmed staffing allocation as on 1 March in the following year, as per the Ministry staffing notice.



**Note 2:** Any Principal who continues to be eligible for the grandparenting of the previous supplementary grant formula as per the conditions of the promulgated Area Principals IEC1998, shall have this formula used to calculate the salary entitlement under 3.1.2, according to any conditions relating to that grandparenting applying at that time.

### 3.1.3 Decile Funding

Principals in decile 1-4 schools shall be paid an amount in addition to base salary as specified in 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 above, according to the following tables:

#### Decile 1 or 2 school

Grade	Rate prior to 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
1	\$3,633	\$3,706	\$3,780	\$3,855
2	\$4,123	\$4,205	\$4,290	\$4,375
3	\$4,472	\$4,561	\$4,653	\$4,746
4	\$4,821	\$4,917	\$5,016	\$5,116
5	\$5,171	\$5,274	\$5,380	\$5,488
6	\$5,380	\$5,488	\$5,597	\$5,709
7	\$5,380	\$5,488	\$5,597	\$5,709
8	\$5,800	\$5,916	\$6,034	\$6,155
9	\$5,800	\$5,916	\$6,034	\$6,155
10	\$6,079	\$6,201	\$6,325	\$6,451
11	\$6,079	\$6,201	\$6,325	\$6,451
12	\$6,289	\$6,415	\$6,543	\$6,674
13	\$6,289	\$6,415	\$6,543	\$6,674
14	\$6,289	\$6,415	\$6,543	\$6,674

#### Decile 3 or 4 school

Grade	Rate prior to 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
1	\$1,817	\$1,853	\$1,890	\$1,928
2	\$2,061	\$2,102	\$2,144	\$2,187
3	\$2,235	\$2,280	\$2,325	\$2,372
4	\$2,411	\$2,459	\$2,508	\$2,559
5	\$2,585	\$2,637	\$2,689	\$2,743
6	\$2,690	\$2,744	\$2,799	\$2,855
7	\$2,690	\$2,744	\$2,799	\$2,855
8	\$2,900	\$2,958	\$3,017	\$3,078
9	\$2,900	\$2,958	\$3,017	\$3,078
10	\$3,039	\$3,100	\$3,162	\$3,225
11	\$3,039	\$3,100	\$3,162	\$3,225
12	\$3,144	\$3,207	\$3,271	\$3,336
13	\$3,144	\$3,207	\$3,271	\$3,336
14	\$3,144	\$3,207	\$3,271	\$3,336

### 3.2 Definition of Roll

3.2.1 For the purposes of determining a Principal's U grade as per 3.1.1 and 3.1.3 "roll" shall mean the greater of the GMFS roll or the 1 March roll of the following year, as determined by the relevant Staffing Order in Council, except that students who are included in the Ongoing Resourcing Scheme (at 1 July for the September school roll purposes) shall be counted on the following basis:

- (a) Students classified as "very high" under the Ongoing Resourcing Scheme shall be counted as six instead of one;

- (b) Students classified as “high” under the Ongoing Resourcing Scheme shall be counted as three instead of one.

### **3.3 Expenses**

- 3.3.1 The Principal shall be entitled to reimbursement of the actual and reasonable expenses incurred by the Principal in the proper performance of the Principal's duties under this agreement in accordance with the reimbursement provisions applying to teachers in the school, or as may be approved by the Board. Reimbursement shall be made out of the school's operational funds.
- 3.3.2 The remuneration received by the Principal pursuant to this agreement shall be deemed to compensate fully the Principal for all time worked and duties performed under this agreement.
- 3.3.3 Nothing in this agreement shall affect the Principal's entitlement to continue making contributions to the Government Superannuation Fund and to receive all benefits that the Principal may be entitled to under the Government Superannuation Fund Act.

### **3.4 Changes to U grade and Decile Salary Components**

- 3.4.1 Where the salary rate of a Principal (as specified in clause 3.1.1) changes as a result of a drop in the U grade of the position (determined by the greater of the GFMS roll or the confirmed 1 March roll of the following year) and the Principal's existing school roll based salary component exceeds the rate for the new grade the following shall apply:

- (a) the amount of the Principal's U grade payment above the rate for the new grade will be protected for a period of 24 months from the beginning of the school year inclusive of the school year that the new U grade is confirmed in the 1 March roll;
- (b) after the 24 month period of salary protection of the U grade payment, the Principal shall be paid no more than the rate for the new grade;
- (c) salary protection under this clause shall lapse if the Principal accepts an alternative position.

**Note:** For clarity, salary protection in 3.4.1 includes the salary component according to the U grade but does not include the salary component generated by staffing in 3.1.2

- 3.4.2 Where the U grade of the Principal's position increases, (as determined by the greater of the provisional staffing roll or the confirmed 1 March roll of the following year), the Principal will move to the new U grade rate from the beginning of the new school year in which the 1 March roll is determined.
- 3.4.3
  - (a) In the event of a change in the school's decile rating the change in salary ( as specified in clause 3.1.3) will be effective from the beginning of the school year following the announcement of the decile change.
  - (b) Where the change to the decile would reduce the salary of the Principal, the existing decile funding component of the salary, as covered in clause 3.1.3 will be protected for a period of 24 months from the beginning of the school year following the announcement of the decile change.
  - (c) In the event that the decile component of the principals' current remuneration structure is removed the exiting rate will be protected for a period of 24 months from the first day the change takes effect.

### **3.5 Māori Immersion Teaching Allowance**

- 3.5.1 All full time principals required to teach in te Reo Māori immersion classes at levels one or two as defined in clause 3.5.5 or 3.5.6 below shall receive an allowance of \$4,000 per annum.
- 3.5.2 From the start of the 2017 school year, all full-time principals required to teach in te Reo Māori immersion classes at level one who have more than three continuous years' service teaching in level one Māori immersion classes shall receive an additional allowance of \$2,000 per annum. This is in addition to the allowance described in clause 3.5.1.
- 3.5.3 From the start of the 2017 school year, all full-time principals required to teach in te Reo Māori immersion classes at level one who have more than six continuous years' service teaching in level one Māori immersion classes the additional allowance described in clause 3.5.2 shall increase to \$4,000 per annum. This is in addition to the allowance described in clause 3.5.1.
- 3.5.4 The employer shall attest to the eligibility of principals for these allowances according to the levels of te Reo Māori immersion outlined in clause 3.5.5 or 3.5.6 below.
- 3.5.5 **“Level one”:** **81% to 100% immersion:**
- (a) te reo Māori is the Principal language of communication and instruction;
  - (b) the Principal curriculum is taught entirely in Māori;
  - (c) it is expected that all students in the programme will interact freely in Māori.
- 3.5.6 **“Level two”:** **51% to 80% immersion:**
- (a) te reo Māori is for most of the time, the language of communication and instruction;
  - (b) English is accepted as a temporary language of instruction and communication;
  - (c) There is an agreement between the school and parents that the programme will achieve a particular level of immersion over a specified period of time;
  - (d) the level of fluency of the teacher will vary considerably, from not very fluent to native-like fluency;
  - (e) there is a reliance on kaiarahi reo to increase the amount of spoken Māori in the programme;
  - (f) it is expected that not all students in the programme will interact freely in Māori .
- 3.5.7 For clarity continuous service for the payment of the allowance in clauses 3.5.2 and 3.5.3 above shall be interrupted but not broken by any periods of unpaid leave and/or breaks in teaching service and/or teaching service in classes other than Māori immersion level one.

### **3.6 Area Schools High Priority Principals Allowance**

- 3.6.1 The Area Schools High Priority Principals Allowance (ASHPPA) provisions below shall apply to Principals employed in those area schools identified by the Ministry of Education as requiring additional support for recruitment and retention. The schools identified by the Ministry are those set out in separate advice and may be changed by the Ministry as needs change, no more than annually, after consultation with the unions.

- 3.6.2 Full-time fully certificated teachers employed as Principal on a permanent or long-term relieving basis of two consecutive terms or more shall be entitled to receive the allowance of \$3,000 per annum.
- 3.6.3 Full-time teachers employed as Principal on a permanent or long-term relieving basis of two consecutive terms or more who are provisionally certificated or certificated subject to confirmation shall be entitled to receive the allowance of \$2,000 per annum.
- 3.6.4 Principals moving to a school which has been designated as ASHPPA status are entitled to either transfer and removal provisions as provided for in Schedule C, or the National Relocation Grant. On completion of a minimum of three years' continuous service in one or more ASHPPA schools a Principal shall have access to the transfer and removal provisions of this Agreement when moving from this category of school to another Principal position in a state or integrated school.
- 3.6.5 In the event that a school is removed from the ASHPPA coverage, a Principal who was in receipt of the ASHPPA immediately prior to that change, shall continue to receive the allowance until the end of the school year. Principals who are so affected shall retain their entitlement to the transfer and removal provisions of this Agreement for a further three years.
- 3.6.6 A principal in receipt of the Principal Recruitment Allowance is not entitled to receive the Area Schools High Priority Principals Allowance at the same time.

### 3.7 Retirement Savings

- 3.7.1 Principals are eligible to join Kiwisaver schemes in accordance with the terms of those schemes.
- 3.7.2 Employer or government contributions to retirement or superannuation schemes which are closed to new members (and include the Teachers' Retirement Savings Scheme and the Government Superannuation Fund), shall continue in accordance with the terms of those schemes.
- 3.7.3 A Principal is not eligible to receive employer or government contributions to a Kiwisaver scheme where government or employer contributions are made to another retirement or superannuation scheme of which that Principal is a member.

### 3.8 Area School Principals' Payment

- 3.8.1 Each Area School Principal shall receive an additional annual Area School Principals' Payment, paid fortnightly, comprising two components: a base rate and a per Full Time Teacher Equivalent (FTTE) payment, outlined below:

	Rates prior to 2 June 2016	Rates effective 2 June 2016	Rates effective 2 June 2017	Rates effective 2 June 2018
Base rate	\$3,500	\$3,750	\$4,000	\$4,320
Per FTTE payment	\$45	\$45.90	\$46.82	\$47.75

- 3.8.2 This payment is acknowledgement of the complex role of the Area School Principal as educational and professional leader across all years of the curriculum.

**Note:** *The FTTE payment is based on the provisional entitlement staffing (GMFS) minus one.*

### **3.9 Allowance for Community Leadership role and the recognition of other leadership responsibilities**

- 3.9.1 Each Community will be entitled to recruit a Community Leadership role (“the role”) from within the Community, and be entitled to allocate an allowance to the principal undertaking that role.
- 3.9.2 The following are two (2) approved arrangements for the appointment of an area school principal to a Community Leadership role within a Community that has an area school(s):
- (a) One principal appointed to the Community Leadership role who is paid an allowance of \$30,000 per annum; or
  - (b)
    - (i) One principal appointed to the Community Leadership role who is paid an allowance of \$25,000 per annum; and
    - (ii) Up to two principals appointed to undertake other leadership responsibilities, defined in substance and time by the Community’s shared achievement plan, who are each entitled to receive an allowance of \$2,500 per annum. A principal will be selected on the basis of his/her ability to provide the specific expertise required.
- Note that in both arrangements this is in addition to other remuneration, including career structure payments.*
- 3.9.3 Each appointment to the Community Leadership role is subject to an agreed selection process and criteria (affirmed by an external professional adviser).
- 3.9.4 The allocation of other leadership responsibilities to a principal (or principals) is defined in substance and time by the Community’s shared achievement plan.
- 3.9.5 The period of the appointment for the Community Leadership role or for principal(s) allocated other leadership responsibilities will be determined by the Community according to its shared achievement plan, subject to the agreement of the principal to be appointed and their employing board. The period of the appointment shall be for a fixed period of up to two (2) years, subject to clauses 3.9.6, 3.9.8, 3.9.10 and 3.9.11 below.
- 3.9.6 The appointment of a principal to the role outlined in clause 3.9.1 may be renewed by the employing board for a maximum of one (1) further period of up to two (2) years, subject to clauses 3.9.8, 3.9.10 and 3.9.11 below, the agreement of the principal and employing board, and any conditions set by the Secretary under clause 3.9.7 below.
- 3.9.7 Where a Community is unable to make an appointment to the Community Leadership role from the existing principals from within the Community, the Secretary for Education may agree to alternative appointment arrangements other than those arrangements outlined in clause 3.9.2 above. This may result in alternative arrangements for the payment of the allowance(s) outlined in clause 3.9.2 above and for the provision of the time allowance outlined in 3.9.9 below. This approval may be subject to conditions.
- 3.9.8 Where an acting appointment to the Community Leadership role becomes necessary, the allowance, or part thereof as appropriate, will be payable to the appointee(s) undertaking that acting role.
- 3.9.9 The employing board will receive a 0.4 FTTE time allowance for the period of the appointment to enable the functions of the Community Leadership role to be fulfilled. For clarity, this does not apply in respect of principals allocated other leadership responsibilities.

- 3.9.10 The allowance for the Community Leadership role or for principals allocated other leadership responsibilities may be suspended by the employing board where the principal is undergoing competency processes as outlined in clause 6.5 and/or disciplinary processes as outlined in clause 6.2.
- 3.9.11 The allowance for the Community Leadership role or for principal(s) allocated other leadership responsibilities will cease to be payable in the following circumstances:
- (a) where the principal ceases to be employed as a principal at that school; or
  - (b) where, with the agreement of the employing board, in consultation with the Community, the principal voluntarily relinquishes the role; or
  - (c) where the fixed period of the allowance ends, regardless of whether the principal remains employed at the school; or
  - (d) where the board becomes ineligible to make the allowance available (In such circumstances the principal will be provided with three months' notice, except where there is a lesser period due to the expiry of the fixed term).

### **3.10 Principal Recruitment Allowance**

- 3.10.1 The Secretary for Education may grant approval to a board to pay its principal an allowance of \$50,000 per annum for a fixed period of up to three years subject to clauses 3.10.2 to 3.10.5 below.
- 3.10.2 The approval is subject to any conditions determined by the Secretary.
- 3.10.3 The allowance may be renewed by the board subject to the prior approval of the Secretary, for a maximum of two (2) further periods of up to two (2) years each.
- 3.10.4 The allowance may be suspended by the employing board while the principal is undergoing competency processes, or disciplinary processes (or both) as outlined in clause 6.5 and/or 6.2 respectively.
- 3.10.5 The allowance will cease to be payable in the following circumstances:
- (a) where the principal ceases to be employed as a principal at that school; or
  - (b) when the fixed period of the allowance ends, regardless of whether the principal remains employed at that school.

## **Part 4 - Professional Leadership and Annual Performance Review**

### **4.1 Performance Agreement**

- 4.1.1 (a) The board shall put in place an annual performance agreement and carry out a review (appraisal) of the Principal every year.
- (b) The purpose of this process are to ensure the Principal is aware of the board's objectives, assist the Principal's professional learning and development and improve/acknowledge performance (i.e. it is about both accountability and development).
- (c) The performance agreement shall reflect the school's strategic and annual plans and the Principal's job description and shall take into account the professional standards for Principals as prescribed from time to time by the Secretary for Education, the preceding year's review report where relevant and the Education Council criteria for certification as a teacher.
- (d) The performance agreement and review process is an integral part of the professional criteria by which a Principal may advance in professional leadership through the career stages of 4.4.
- (e) The performance agreement shall be in writing and a signed copy kept by both the board and Principal.
- 4.1.2 The performance agreement shall be developed in consultation with the Principal and it shall detail:
- (a) objectives for that year including relevant professional standards;
- (b) a professional learning and development plan for the Principal to identify strategies and support (including any agreed resourcing) to enable the Principal to carry out his/her responsibilities, meet the objectives and improve professional knowledge and performance; and
- (c) the process and criteria, as per 4.2 below, by which the Principal's performance is to be reviewed for that year.
- 4.1.3 (a) Every endeavour shall be made by the board and Principal to reach agreement on a performance agreement that is acceptable to both of them.
- (b) Where this has not been achieved the board or the Principal may seek professional advice to assist them.
- (c) Where a performance agreement acceptable to both parties is not achieved, the decision of the board in relation to the contents of the performance agreement for that year will be final. In such circumstances the Principal shall have the right to attach written comments including any professional advice obtained under (b) above and/or noting any objectives that he/she considers unreasonable, to the performance agreement which shall be considered during the review or other proceedings.

### **4.2 Performance Review**

- 4.2.1 (a) The board will carry out the annual review of the Principal's performance in accordance with the annual performance agreement.
- (b) The review is in relation to the objectives in the performance agreement and to professional standards.
- 4.2.2 While the board shall retain responsibility for the review it may delegate the management of the process to board member(s). The board or delegated board member(s) may decide to engage, following consultation with the Principal, an external reviewer.
- 4.2.3 Evidence used in the review should be relevant and should be objective and /or robust.

4.2.4 The Principal will assist the board to conduct any review under this clause and in particular will give to the board such information as the board requires to carry out the review.

4.2.5 (a) The board will, in consultation with the Principal, prepare a final report based on the review.

(b) The Principal shall have the opportunity to comment on the final report, but is not obliged to do so.

#### 4.3 Working relationship

4.3.1 Where there is a problem in the working relationship between the Principal and the board (including individual board members) that has not been informally resolved and is to the detriment of the school, the board, in consultation with the Principal, may consider appointing a suitably qualified independent person to mediate or facilitate between the parties and/or undertake an impartial and objective assessment of the concern(s).

#### 4.4 Area School Principals' Career Structure

(a) This clause outlines a career progression for Area School Principals who meet the professional criteria as affirmed by their board and the service criteria. Payments made under this clause are to encourage and recognise individual professional growth, leadership and contribution of a area Principal.

(b) Provided that the Principal has entered into a performance agreement and undertaken an annual review as in clauses 2.1.2, 4.1 and 4.2 within the last 12 months, Principals covered by this collective agreement will be entitled to a career allowance based on clauses 4.4(c)-(j) and the following service and professional criteria:

Stage	Service criteria	Professional criteria
1 – Initial Principalship	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum of 3 years continuous service as a Principal in a New Zealand State or State Integrated Area School</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Meeting the requirements of the performance review/agreement (as in clause 4.1 and 4.2)</li> <li>Completion of the First Time Principals' Programme (or similar)</li> <li>Participation in a professional learning and development plan which may involve (but is not limited to) mentoring, professional supervision, study or a professional learning and development project aligned with school goals.</li> </ul>
2 – Experienced Principal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum of 6 years continuous service as a Principal in a New Zealand State or State Integrated Area School</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Meeting the requirements of the performance review/agreement (as in clause 4.1 and 4.2)</li> <li>Participation in a professional learning and development plan that demonstrates professional growth, including pedagogical leadership. This could be through further tertiary study/qualifications, a sabbatical project or professional learning project in own school context.</li> </ul>
3 – Leading Principal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum of 9 years continuous service as a Principal in a New Zealand State or State Integrated Area School</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Meeting the requirements of the experience Principal (as above)</li> <li>Contribution to or leadership of a learning or professional community that contributes to the wider education sector.</li> </ul>



- (c) The board of trustees is responsible for affirming that the Principal meets the professional criteria, after which one of the following career allowances shall be made and will be paid fortnightly. A Principal can only receive one payment under 4.4(d) at any one time.
- (d) The career allowances for each stage are as follows:

Career Stage	Rate prior to 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
1 – Initial principalship	\$3,500	\$3,570	\$3,641	\$3,714
2 – Experienced principal	\$7,000	\$7,140	\$7,283	\$7,428
3 – Leading Principal	\$10,500	\$10,710	\$10,924	\$11,143

- (e) For the purposes of this clause, continuous service is not broken by a gap in principalship of up to three years. Service as a principal in a New Zealand State or State integrated school shall be included in the calculation of service under the service criteria. A special case may be made by a Board of Trustees to the Ministry of Education to have other principal service included in the calculation of service provided that at the time of applying the principal has completed at least a year in a New Zealand State or State integrated area school.
- (f) Service will not be counted for periods of time spent:
- (i) on leave without pay;
  - (ii) on secondment (other than as a Principal in another school);
  - (iii) as supernumerary in a teaching role;
  - (iv) as a relief or acting Principal (except where the acting or relief Principal moves directly to a substantive Principal role).
- (g) When there is a break of more than three years service before reappointment as a Area School Principal, previous experience as a Principal shall be credited as one half year of service for each complete year of Principalship (that would otherwise be eligible as service for this allowance), allowing the Principal the possibility of moving directly to any of the three career stages providing she/he meets the relevant professional criteria, provided that:
- (i) at the time of eligibility she/he has completed one year in their current position;
  - (ii) that while they were on the break for three years or more the Principal consistently maintained their teacher certification;
- Where the Principal does not meet these requirements, three years service must be completed prior to the previous experience as a Principal being credited as one half year of service for each complete year of Principalship (that would otherwise be eligible as service for this allowance).
- (h) Principals who have met the service criteria of stage one (or higher) but have not participated in a First Time Principals' Programme and who are no longer eligible to do so shall demonstrate through their professional learning and development plan that they have participated in professional learning activities similar to the First Time Principals' Programme.

- (i) A Principal who is undergoing corrective action pursuant to clause 6.2 or 6.5 of this agreement shall not receive the career allowance from the commencement of the procedure until such time as the corrective action has successfully been completed at which time the career allowance recommences.
- (j) To maintain eligibility for the career allowance, every three years the Principal's board of trustees must re-affirm that the Principal meets the service and professional criteria and has undertaken a performance agreement and annual review within the previous 12 months (consistent with clause 4.1 and 4.2).

#### **4.5 First Time Principals**

- 4.5.1 First time Principals employed in a U1 to U2 grade area school shall receive 10 days development release time over an 18 month period to be used for professional learning opportunities designed to improve their management and professional learning leadership capability.

## Part 5 - Leave

### 5.1 Leave Entitlement

5.1.1 Subject to clause 5.1.2 the Principal shall be entitled to annual leave during the periods when the school is officially closed for instruction.

5.1.2 During any period when the school is closed for instruction the Board may require the Principal, either generally or in respect of any specific matter, to:

- (a) undertake duties or responsibilities required during that period for the proper management of the school; or
- (b) attend at the school or elsewhere for other purposes connected with the Principal's employment.

The Board will however endeavour to arrange matters at the school in such a way that any requirement that the Principal undertake duties or attend at the school when the school is officially closed for instruction is not unreasonable.

### 5.2 Sick Leave

#### 5.2.1 Eligibility

Except where otherwise specifically stated the following conditions apply to all principals.

#### 5.2.2 Entitlement

- (a) A principal who is granted leave due to sickness or injury not arising out of or in the course of the principal's employment shall be entitled to sick leave on pay for a period or periods not exceeding the amounts set out in the table below.

Length of service	Aggregated sick leave entitlement
Up to 3 months	7 days
Over 3 months and up to 6 months	14 days
Over 6 months and up to 9 months	31 days
Over 9 months and up to 5 years	46 days
Over 5 years and up to 10 years	92 days
Over 10 years and up to 20 years	154 days
Over 20 years and up to 30 years	229 days
Over 30 years	306 days

- (b) The amount of sick leave available shall be the principal's aggregated sick leave entitlement set out in the table above, less the total amount of sick leave with pay the principal has taken during their teaching service to date.
- (c) Where a principal has exhausted their current entitlement set out in the table in clause 5.2.2(a):
  - (i) in each subsequent year the employer will allow the principal to anticipate up to five days' paid sick leave.
  - (ii) in exceptional circumstances the employer may grant further anticipated sick leave with pay in excess of the entitlement set out in clause 5.2.2(a), provided that no extension is granted beyond the 306 days.
  - (iii) any anticipated sick leave taken under (i) or (ii) above will be deducted from the principal's next entitlement under 5.2.2(a) when that entitlement becomes due.

- (d) Where a principal has exhausted their entitlement set out in the table in clause 5.2.2(a) and has no future entitlement under 5.2.2(c), the principal shall be granted sick leave in accordance with the Holidays Act 2003.

#### 5.2.3 Service for sick leave purposes

- (a) The total period of the “length of service” which determines the principal’s sick leave entitlement outlined in 5.2.2(a) shall be the aggregate of employment as a teacher or principal in:
- (i) a New Zealand state or state integrated school;
  - (ii) a New Zealand free kindergarten association, university, or polytechnic;
  - (iii) Fiji, Cook Islands, Tonga, Western Samoa or Niue
- (b) The following teaching service is counted as full-time:
- (i) fulltime service;
  - (ii) permanent part-time service;
  - (iii) non permanent part-time service that consists of employment for 20 hours or more per week.
- (c) Non-permanent part-time teaching service of less than 20 hours per week is assessed on the basis that 80 hours equals one month’s service or 1000 hours equals one year’s service.
- (d) Service in the New Zealand Public Service and/or Armed Forces may be converted to teaching sick leave entitlement on such terms as the Secretary for Education may agree. Deductions for sick leave taken from transferred New Zealand Public Service and/or Armed Forces service shall be converted to deductions from the teaching sick leave entitlement using the formula  $T/P*S=E$  where:
- T = Principals’ sick leave entitlement on years of service;
  - P = Public Servants’ sick leave entitlement on years of service;
  - S = Sick Leave taken as a Public Servant;
  - E = Equivalent number of days of sick leave as if taken as a principal.

**Note 1:** *For the calculation of a principal’s sick leave entitlement, the total period of a principal’s “length of service” will continue to include employment as a principal or teacher by a former education board, a secondary school board, a private school which has become integrated, a community college, a technical institute, a teacher’s college, the former Department of Education or an agricultural college.*

**Note 2:** *Service for sick leave purposes does not include:*

- *study time while a principal or teacher is not employed in the education service, or when on leave without pay of more than 90 calendar days,*
- *teaching in private schools (except for teachers or principals in private schools which become integrated,*
- *teaching overseas except in the Pacific countries listed in subclause 5.2.3(a)iii above,*
- *trade service, or*
- *service as a member of the armed forces of another country.*

#### 5.2.4 Granting sick leave

- (a) The employer shall grant sick leave on pay with the following conditions:
- (i) While a medical certificate will not normally be required for leave of up to five days, where it is considered warranted, an employer may require a principal to produce a medical certificate or other evidence satisfactory to the employer.
  - (ii) For sick leave within three consecutive calendar days (whether or not the days would otherwise be working days for the principal) the employer may inform the principal that proof of sickness or injury is required and, if so, the employer will agree to meet the employee's reasonable expenses in obtaining the proof.
  - (iii) When a period of sick leave exceeds five school days a medical certificate from a registered medical or dental practitioner must be provided to the employer. If the principal cannot obtain a medical or dental certificate other evidence satisfactory to the employer may be provided.
  - (iv) When a period of sick leave exceeds 14 days an employer may require the principal to provide a medical certificate from a registered medical or dental practitioner stating the expected date the principal will be able to return to work. The employer may require the principal to provide further medical certificates should the sick leave continue beyond the expected date of return stated in this or subsequent medical certificates.
  - (v) When a period of sick leave exceeds 14 days the employer may require the principal to obtain a second medical opinion from an independent registered medical or dental practitioner nominated by the employer and agreed to by the principal provided that such agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld. The cost of a second medical opinion will be met by the employer.

#### 5.2.5 Deduction from sick leave entitlement

- (a) Principals will have sick leave deducted from the entitlement set out in clause 5.2.2(a) above as follows:
- (i) where the period of absence does not exceed five consecutive school days the days of absence are deducted i.e. intervening Saturday or Sunday do not count as leave.
  - (ii) where the period of absence exceeds five consecutive school days the continuous days are deducted i.e. all intervening weekends count as leave.
  - (iii) public holidays and school vacations that fall during a period of paid sick leave do not count as leave.

#### 5.2.6 Principals temporarily working reduced hours on account of sickness

- (a) The employer may allow at its discretion a principal who has been on sick leave to return to duty on a reduced hours basis if the principal's doctor so recommends and provides a medical clearance, and there would be no staffing or timetabling problems for the school. This arrangement should not, however, normally be allowed to continue for more than six weeks. The provisions (b) to (e) below will apply.

- (b) The daily hours not worked are to be aggregated and debited against sick leave on the basis of a five-hour day. For example, where a full time principal is present for:
  - (i) 20 timetabled hours in one week = 5 hours absent = 1 day sick leave debited
  - (ii) 17.5 timetabled hours in one week = 7.5 hours absent = 1.5 days sick leave debited
- (c) Whole days or half-days of absence are to be debited as whole or half-days.
- (d) When the absence is on account of injury by accident and earnings related compensation is payable to the principal, normal pay is to continue and the Secretary for Education is to obtain reimbursement of earnings related compensation from the Accident Compensation Corporation in accordance with the usual procedures.
- (e) If the accident was work related there is no debit against sick leave entitlement. However, if the accident was non-work related, the sick leave entitlement is debited to the extent to which the salary payable for time actually worked plus the earnings related compensation is made up to give normal full salary (provided the principal has a sick leave entitlement available).

#### 5.2.7 Disregarded sick leave

- (a) Disregarded sick leave not exceeding an overall aggregate of two years shall be granted by the Secretary for Education where in the opinion of the Secretary one of the following conditions has been met:
  - (i) The sickness can be traced directly to the conditions or circumstances under which the principal is working; or
  - (ii) The injury occurred in the discharge of the principal's duties through no fault of the principal and where no payment has been made by the Accident Compensation Corporation; or
  - (iii) The principal has contracted a notifiable disease which requires the principal to be excluded from school for a period prescribed under Schedule 2 of the Health (Infectious and Notifiable Diseases) Regulations 1966 or for a period determined by a Medical Health Officer; or
  - (iv) The principal has contracted hepatitis or tuberculosis, where the period of disregarded sick leave is the time that the principal's treating registered medical practitioner decides is necessary for the principal to remain away from school; or
  - (v) The absence was due to war injury or service.
- (b) Where sick leave has been deducted for any period granted as disregarded sick leave under 5.2.7(a)(i) to 5.2.7(a)(v) above, the sick leave will be reinstated.
- (c) Disregarded sick leave is additional to any period of absence on account of sickness or injury to which the principal is entitled with full salary in accordance with the scale set out in clause 5.2.2 above.
- (d) Fixed term or relieving principals shall only be granted disregarded sick leave, as provided for in 5.2.7(a) above, where they have been in continuous employment before the date of application.

#### 5.2.8 Holiday pay deductions

- (a) Holiday pay is not reduced for periods of sick leave with pay
- (b) When principals have used their current sick leave entitlement holiday pay may be reduced for periods of sick leave without pay on the following conditions:
  - (i) No deduction is to be made from the holiday pay of principals for periods of sick leave without pay for periods not exceeding 90 calendar days in any one school year.
  - (ii) Where the total amount of sick/accident leave without pay is in excess of 90 calendar days the deduction is based on the period subsequent to the initial 90 calendar days. The initial 90 calendar days are unaffected.
- (c) Principals with a current sick leave entitlement who apply to receive sick leave without pay will have holiday pay reduced in proportion to the unpaid leave taken (as per clause 3.24.3 of the ASTCA) and should be advised of this when notified of the approval of sick leave without pay.

### 5.3 Other Leave

5.3.1 The Principal shall be entitled to other leave during this agreement, calculated and taken in accordance with the leave provisions applying to teachers in the School. Except as otherwise provided in this agreement, this will be based on the aggregate of the Principal's previous service in the Education Service and under this agreement.

**Note 1:** *the maximum refreshment leave to which a principal in receipt of the allowance for the Community Leadership role is entitled is one school term. Any request for refreshment leave will not be granted unless it has the support of their employing board which shall first consider the needs of the wider Community.*

**Note 2:** *a principal in receipt of the Principal Recruitment Allowance is limited to Refreshment Leave of a maximum of one school term. The Principal Recruitment Allowance will not be payable in this period of leave.*

### 5.4 Previous Service for Leave Entitlements

5.4.1 Except as otherwise provided in this agreement, the provisions and policy relating to the crediting of previous service outside the Education Service for leave entitlements and the taking of accumulated leave at the end of service applying to teachers in the school shall continue to apply to the Principal for the purposes of calculation of any leave entitlement which the Principal may be entitled to under this agreement.

### 5.5 Special Leave

5.5.1 Nothing in this agreement shall limit the authority of the Board to grant to the Principal such special leave, whether with or without pay, as the Board considers appropriate to enable the Principal to undertake professional development training. The Board shall have regard to the need to ensure that the Principal receives training appropriate to the requirements of the position. Before approving any discretionary leave the Board shall ensure that the granting of such leave complies with any funding arrangements applying to the School in respect of such leave.

## **5.6 Paid Sabbatical Leave Scheme**

- 5.6.1 A sabbatical leave scheme for Principals will apply according to the following:
- (a) There will be seven (7), increasing to ten (10) from the 2018 school year, full-time equivalent sabbaticals awarded annually (*Note this may result in sabbatical leave being awarded to more than seven or ten, as applicable, area school principals during one school year*).
  - (b) A full time equivalent sabbatical will be of ten weeks duration paid at the rate of the principal's normal pay.
  - (c) Principals may apply for ten-week, five week or three week sabbaticals; however, ten week sabbaticals will be allocated first.
  - (d) A ten week sabbatical may, with the board's approval, be taken in two blocks during one school year. Each block must be whole weeks in duration and the smallest block must be for at least three weeks.
- 5.6.2 Entitlement to the sabbatical is subject to:
- (a) service of at least five years as a Principal in the state sector;
  - (b) application by the Principal which has the support of their school board; and
  - (c) the submission of a proposal of work to be undertaken during the sabbatical leave.
- 5.6.3 The criteria for the scheme and its operation is developed by the Ministry, the NZEI, the PPTA and the NZSTA. The award of the sabbatical leave will be by a panel with representation from the four parties.
- 5.6.4 At the time of application for sabbatical leave a principal may also apply for the reimbursement of costs associated with the work proposal for the sabbatical to a maximum of \$5,000 and subject to clause 5.7 below. The panel established under clause 5.6.3 will decide whether the reimbursement of costs will be approved, and whether approved in part or full.

## **5.7 Reimbursement of Costs Associated With Sabbatical Leave**

- 5.7.1 From 2018 consideration may be given by the panel established under clause 5.6.3 to the reimbursement of costs, to a maximum of \$5,000, where such costs are clearly associated with the proposal of work for a sabbatical taken after 2017, in accordance with the agreed criteria developed by the parties and NZSTA. The maximum total cost of reimbursements for costs associated with the sabbatical leave scheme in clause 5.6 for any one school year shall not exceed \$50,000.



## **Part 6 - Complaints/Discipline/Competency**

### **6.1 General**

- 6.1.1 Many complaints will be able to be resolved by discussion between the Board and the Principal without the need to take the matter any further. Wherever appropriate the Board should seek to resolve complaints in this manner in the first instance.
- 6.1.2 The Board and Principal may by mutual agreement adopt the optional complaint process known as the “Nga Korero me nga tikanga” (discussions in a Māori context) a copy of which is available from the Ministry of Education.

### **6.2 Discipline**

- 6.2.1 Where the Board has reason to believe that the Principal may have been guilty of misconduct the Board shall in dealing with the matter apply the following procedures:
- (a) The Principal shall be advised of the right to representation at any stage.
  - (b) The Principal shall be advised in writing of the specific matter(s) causing concern and be given a reasonable opportunity to provide an explanation. Before making a final decision, the Board may need to make further inquiries in order to be satisfied as to the facts of the specific matter(s) causing concern.
  - (c) Where appropriate the Principal shall be advised of any corrective action required to amend the Principal’s conduct and shall be given a reasonable opportunity to do so.
  - (d) The process and any disciplinary action are to be recorded and signed by the Principal.
  - (e) Where the disciplinary process results in dismissal the Board shall, in cases other than serious misconduct warranting dismissal without notice, be required to give to the Principal no less than two months notice.

### **6.3 Suspension**

- 6.3.1 If the alleged conduct is deemed sufficiently serious the Principal may be either suspended with or without pay or transferred temporarily to other duties subject to the following:
- (a) Other than in exceptional circumstances, the Board shall not suspend the Principal without first allowing the Principal a reasonable opportunity to make submissions to the Board about the alleged misconduct and the appropriateness of suspension in all of the circumstances. The Board shall take into account any submissions made by the Principal before determining the matter of suspension.
  - (b) The Board shall use its best endeavours to ensure that the period of suspension is kept to the minimum possible time consistent with ensuring that the allegations of misconduct are properly investigated and that the Principal is treated fairly at all times.
  - (c) If the allegation that led to suspension is without substance the Principal shall be reinstated effective from the date of suspension.

### **6.4 Instant Dismissal**

- 6.4.1 Nothing in clauses 6.2 or 6.3 prevents instant dismissal without notice in the case of serious misconduct.

## **6.5 Competency**

6.5.1 Where there are matters of competency which are causing concern in respect of the Principal, (for example failing to meet the appropriate professional standards) the Board shall put in place appropriate assistance and personal guidance to assist the Principal, and may seek such appropriate professional advice or medical advice as may be required. When this assistance and guidance has not remedied the situation, the following provisions shall govern the action to be taken:

- (a) The Principal shall be advised in writing of the specific matter(s) causing concern and of the corrective action required, and the timeframe allowed. This timeframe should be determined by the Board and be relevant to the matters causing concern.
- (b) The process and results of any evaluation are to be recorded in writing and signed by the Principal.
- (c) A copy of any report made by the Board to the Education Council on the matter shall be given to the Principal.
- (d) No action shall be taken on a report until the Principal has had a reasonable time to comment on the report (in writing or orally or both).
- (e) If the above steps (a-d) fail to resolve the matter of concern, the Board may, where justified dismiss the Principal on two months notice without the need to follow the provisions of clause 6.2 above.

## Part 7 - Termination of Employment for Medical Reasons

### 7.1 Termination of Employment for Medical Reasons

7.1.1 The purpose of this provision is to:

- (a) Provide the opportunity for Principals, currently in service, who are declared medically unfit or who have a terminal illness to retire from teaching with dignity;
- (b) Give the ability for boards to recruit a new Principal to the vacant permanent position without delay.

7.1.2 'Currently in service' means the Principal is employed in a permanent position at the time the application for medical retirement is made and when concurrence is given by the Secretary for Education. This provision cannot be granted retrospectively.

7.1.3 A permanently appointed Principal, currently in service, may be granted medical retirement under this clause in circumstances where the Principal has either a terminal or serious illness which causes them to be incapable of continuing to work or returning to work in the foreseeable future, subject to the provisions of Schedule D.

7.1.4 An application for medical retirement may be initiated by either the Principal or the employer. The processes to be followed by the Principal and the employer are specified in Schedule D.

7.1.5 In such circumstances, the Principal shall provide to the employer evidence of their illness from the Principal's registered medical specialist with a prognosis attesting to the incapacity to work both currently and in the future. Their employer may request a further medical opinion from a registered medical practitioner nominated by the employer and will reimburse the cost where this is requested.

7.1.6 Where the majority of medical evidence supports the application for medical retirement, as per the guidelines outlined in Schedule D the employer shall seek the concurrence of the Secretary for Education to medically retire the Principal.

7.1.7 Where the majority of medical evidence does not support a claim for medical retirement under this provision the application process shall cease.

7.1.8 The notice of termination of employment provisions set out in clause 9.1 do not apply where the Secretary for Education gives concurrence to medical retirement.

**Note 1:** *In the event that a Principal deceases in service without activating or uplifting the medical retirement provisions outlined in medical retirement terminal illness or medical retirement serious illness, the estate of the Principal shall have no claim on the medical retirement provision.*

**Note 2:** *An employer cannot retrospectively grant any application for medical retirement (when a Principal has ceased to be a permanent employee of the board, the board may no longer approve medical retirement).*

## **Part 8 - Disestablishment**

### **8.1 Disestablishment**

- 8.1.1 Where the staffing requirements within the school have been reviewed by the Board (including as a consequence of the school's amalgamation, merger, change of status, and/or closure), and the Principal's position is to be disestablished, no less than three months notice in writing of this shall be given by the Board to the Principal and the provisions of Schedule B shall apply.
- 8.1.2 In the situation of a merger or amalgamation of schools, the Principals' positions in all the affected schools, shall be disestablished. The new position of Principal in the merged or amalgamated school shall be advertised pursuant to the State Sector Act 1988.

### **8.2 Employment Protection Provisions**

- 8.2.1 'Restructuring' is given the same definition as in section 69OI of the ERA 2000 and includes:
- (a) Contracting out; or
  - (b) Selling or transferring the employer's business (or part of it) to another person;
- but excludes mergers, and school reorganisations as defined in clause 8.1
- 8.2.2 Where work undertaken by an employee covered by this Agreement will be, or is likely to be, undertaken by a new employer (whether or not the new employer is an "employer" defined in 1.8) the employer will notify the National Offices of NZEI and PPTA where the employee affected by the restructuring is a member of the union. In such circumstances the employer will meet with representative(s) of the union to:
- (a) Identify the issues the employee wishes to have considered by the new employer;
  - (b) Ensure that all current terms and conditions of employment of the employee are accurately recorded; and
  - (c) Determine the process by which communications to/from the employee will be conducted.
- 8.2.3 The employer will encourage the new employer to agree to the involvement of the union(s) in the processes described in clauses 8.2.4 and 8.2.5 below
- 8.2.4 Having completed the process described in 8.2.2 above, the employer will meet with the new employer to:
- (a) provide the new employer with details of the work currently performed by the employee concerned together with details of the terms and conditions of her/his employment; and
  - (b) seek a proposal for the employment of the affected employee by the new employer, including clarification of the terms and conditions upon which those employee would be offered employment by the new employer.
- 8.2.5 The following shall be matters for clarification under clause 8.2.4(b) and again should be read in conjunction with the surplus staffing provisions of this collective agreement.
- (a) the number and type of positions that may be offered by the new employer to the employee affected by the restructuring;
  - (b) the terms and conditions of employment to be offered to the employee (including whether the employee will transfer to the new employer on the same terms and conditions of employment);
  - (c) the arrangements, if required, for the transfer of any accrued benefits and entitlements in relation to those employees;

- (d) the arrangements, if required, for when and how offers of employment are to be made to the employee and the mode of acceptance, including whether any offers of employment made by the new employer will be conveyed through NZEI and NZPPTA.

8.2.6 The process to be followed at the time of the restructuring to determine what entitlements, if any, are available for employees who do not transfer to the new employer are set out in Schedule B. This clause 8.2 as a whole shall be read in conjunction with those provisions.

## **Part 9 - Resignation**

### **9.1 Resignation**

- 9.1.1 This agreement may be terminated at any time by the Principal giving to the Board not less than two months written notice, unless a shorter time is mutually agreed.

## Part 10 - Employment Relationship Problem Resolution Provisions

*Personal grievances and disputes shall be addressed in accordance with the provisions of Part 9 of the Employment Relations Act 2000.*

### 10.1 Employment Relationship Problem Resolution Services

The following is a plain language explanation of the employment relationship problem resolution services.

#### **What is an employment relationship problem?**

It is a problem between employee and employer. For example, it might be a personal grievance or a dispute about a provision in an employment agreement.

#### **Resolving an employment relationship problem**

The employee and employer should first make a reasonable effort to discuss the problem and settle it by mutual agreement. (If it's a personal grievance, it **must** first be raised with the employer **within 90 days** - Personal Grievances are explained further below).

An employee (or employer) has the right to be represented at any stage.

When a problem arises, union members should contact their local NZEI or NZPPTA field officer for advice and representation.

Employers should contact their local NZSTA adviser or other representative of choice.

#### **Personal Grievances**

A personal grievance is a particular type of employment relationship problem that normally must be raised with the employer within 90 days of the grievance arising.

An employee may have a personal grievance where:

- They have been dismissed without good reason, or the dismissal was not carried out properly
- They have been treated unfairly;
- Their employment or a condition of their employment has been affected to their disadvantage by an unjustified action of their employer;
- They have experienced sexual or racial harassment, or have been discriminated against because of their involvement in a union or other employee organisation, or have suffered duress over membership or non-membership of a union or other employee organisation;
- They have been discriminated against in terms of the prohibited grounds of discrimination under the Human Rights Act 1993.

**Note:** *The full meaning of the terms personal grievance, discrimination, sexual harassment, racial harassment, and duress, shall be the meaning given by sections 103 to 110 inclusive of the Employment Relations Act 2000.*

As with other employment relationship problems, the parties should always try to resolve a personal grievance through discussion.

Either party can refer a personal grievance to the Employment Relations Service of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) for mediation assistance, or to the Employment Relations Authority.

If the problem relates to a type of discrimination that can be the subject of a complaint to the Human Rights Commission under the Human Rights Act 1993, the person can either take a personal grievance, or complain to the Human Rights Commission, but not both. If in doubt, advice should be sought before deciding.

### **Services Available**

To help resolve employment relationship problems, the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment provides:

#### **An information service**

This is free. It is available by contacting MBIE or by phoning toll free 0800 209020. The Ministry's Employment Relations Service's internet address is [www.employment.govt.nz](http://www.employment.govt.nz) and can be contacted by e-mail at [info@mbie.govt.nz](mailto:info@mbie.govt.nz).

#### **Mediation Service**

The Mediation Service is a free and independent service available through MBIE. This service helps to resolve employment relationship problems and generally to promote the smooth conduct of employment relationships.

Mediation is a mutual problem solving process, with the aim of reaching an agreement, assisted by an independent third party.

If the parties can't reach a settlement they can ask the mediator, in writing, to make a final and binding decision.

A settlement reached through mediation and signed by the mediator at the request of the parties is final, binding and enforceable. Neither party can then take the matter any further and either party can be made to comply with the agreed settlement by court order.

If the problem is unresolved through mediation either party may apply to have the matter dealt with by the Employment Relations Authority.

#### **The Employment Relations Authority**

This Authority is an investigative body that operates in an informal way. It looks into the facts and makes a decision on the merits of the case and not on the legal technicalities.

Either an employer or an employee can refer an unresolved employment relationship problem to the Authority by filing the appropriate forms.

The Authority may call evidence, hold investigative meetings, or interview anyone involved. It can direct the parties to try mediation. If mediation is unsuitable or has not resolved the problem, the Authority will make a decision that is binding on all parties. Any party can contest the Authority's decision through the Employment Court.

**Note 1:** *All employment relationship problems, including personal grievances and any dispute about the interpretation or application of this agreement, must be resolved under Parts 9 and 10 of the Employment Relations Act 2000.*

**Note 2:** *In relation to a dispute about the interpretation, application, or operation of this Agreement the employer shall act, if the Secretary acting under*



*delegation from the State Services Commissioner so requires, together with or in consultation with the Secretary.*

## 10.2 Personal Grievance

Sections 103 to 110 are reproduced below from Part 9 of the Employment Relations Act 2000.

### 103 Personal grievance

- (1) For the purposes of this Act, **personal grievance** means any grievance that an employee may have against the employee's employer or former employer because of a claim—
- (a) that the employee has been unjustifiably dismissed; or
  - (b) that the employee's employment, or 1 or more conditions of the employee's employment (including any condition that survives termination of the employment), is or are or was (during employment that has since been terminated) affected to the employee's disadvantage by some unjustifiable action by the employer; or
  - (c) that the employee has been discriminated against in the employee's employment; or
  - (d) that the employee has been sexually harassed in the employee's employment; or
  - (e) that the employee has been racially harassed in the employee's employment; or
  - (f) that the employee has been subject to duress in the employee's employment in relation to membership or non-membership of a union or employees organisation.
  - (g) the employee's employer has failed to comply with a requirement of Part 6A; or
  - (h) that the employee has been disadvantaged by the employee's employment agreement not being in accordance with section 67C, 67D, 67G, or 67H; or
  - (i) that the employee's employer has contravened section 67F or 67G(4).
    - (i) that the employee's employer has, in relation to the employee,—engaged in adverse conduct for a prohibited health and safety reason; or
    - (ii) contravened section 92 of the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 (which prohibits coercion or inducement).
- (2) For the purposes of this Part, a **representative**, in relation to an employer and in relation to an alleged personal grievance, means a person—
- (a) who is employed by that employer; and
  - (b) who either—
    - (i) has authority over the employee alleging the grievance; or
    - (ii) is in a position of authority over other employees in the workplace of the employee alleging the grievance.

- (3) In subsection (1)(b), unjustifiable action by the employer does not include an action deriving solely from the interpretation, application, or operation, or disputed interpretation, application, or operation, of any provision of any employment agreement.

### **103A Test of justification**

- (1) For the purposes of section 103(1)(a) and (b), the question of whether a dismissal or an action was justifiable must be determined, on an objective basis, by applying the test in subsection (2).
- (2) The test is whether the employer's actions, and how the employer acted, were what a fair and reasonable employer could have done in all the circumstances at the time the dismissal or action occurred.
- (3) In applying the test in subsection (2), the Authority or the court must consider—
  - (a) whether, having regard to the resources available to the employer, the employer sufficiently investigated the allegations against the employee before dismissing or taking action against the employee; and
  - (b) whether the employer raised the concerns that the employer had with the employee before dismissing or taking action against the employee; and
  - (c) whether the employer gave the employee a reasonable opportunity to respond to the employer's concerns before dismissing or taking action against the employee; and
  - (d) whether the employer genuinely considered the employee's explanation (if any) in relation to the allegations against the employee before dismissing or taking action against the employee.
- (4) In addition to the factors described in subsection (3), the Authority or the court may consider any other factors it thinks appropriate.
- (5) The Authority or the court must not determine a dismissal or an action to be unjustifiable under this section solely because of defects in the process followed by the employer if the defects were—
  - (a) minor; and
  - (b) did not result in the employee being treated unfairly.

### **104 Discrimination**

- (1) For the purposes of section 103(1)(c), an employee is **discriminated against in that employee's employment** if the employee's employer or a representative of that employer, by reason directly or indirectly of any of the prohibited grounds of discrimination specified in section 105, or involvement in the activities of a union in terms of section 107, —
  - (a) refuses or omits to offer or afford to that employee the same terms of employment, conditions of work, fringe benefits, or opportunities for training, promotion, and transfer as are made available for other employees of the same or substantially similar qualifications, experience, or skills employed in the same or substantially similar circumstances; or
  - (b) dismisses that employee or subjects that employee to any detriment, in circumstances in which other employees employed by that employer on work of that description are not or would not be dismissed or subjected to such detriment; or

- (c) retires that employee, or requires or causes that employee to retire or resign.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, **detriment** includes anything that has a detrimental effect on the employee's employment, job performance, or job satisfaction.
- (3) This section is subject to the exceptions set out in section 106.

**105 Prohibited grounds of discrimination for purposes of section 104**

- (1) The prohibited grounds of discrimination referred to in section 104 are the prohibited grounds of discrimination set out in section 21(1) of the Human Rights Act 1993, namely—
  - (a) sex:
  - (b) marital status:
  - (c) religious belief:
  - (d) ethical belief:
  - (e) colour:
  - (f) race:
  - (g) ethnic or national origins:
  - (h) disability:
  - (i) age:
  - (j) political opinion:
  - (k) employment status:
  - (l) family status:
  - (m) sexual orientation.
- (2) The items listed in subsection (1) have the meanings (if any) given to them by section 21(1) of the Human Rights Act 1993.

**106 Exceptions in relation to discrimination**

- (1) Section 104 must be read subject to the following provisions of the Human Rights Act 1993 dealing with exceptions in relation to employment matters:
  - (a) section 24 (which provides for an exception in relation to crews of ships and aircraft):
  - (b) section 25 (which provides for an exception in relation to work involving national security):
  - (c) section 26 (which provides for an exception in relation to work performed outside New Zealand):
  - (d) section 27 (which provides for exceptions in relation to authenticity and privacy):
  - (e) section 28 (which provides for exceptions for purposes of religion):
  - (f) section 29 (which provides for exceptions in relation to disability):
  - (g) section 30 (which provides for exceptions in relation to age):
  - (h) section 31 (which provides for exception in relation to employment of a political nature):
  - (i) section 32 (which provides for an exception in relation to family status):
  - (j) *[Repealed]*
  - (k) section 34 (which relates to regular forces and Police):
  - (l) section 35 (which provides a general qualification on exceptions):
  - (m) section 70 (which relates to superannuation schemes).

- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), sections 24 to 35 of the Human Rights Act 1993 must be read as if they referred to section 104 of this Act, rather than to section 22 of that Act. In particular,—
- (a) references in sections 24 to 29, 31, and 32 of that Act to section 22 of that Act must be read as if they were references to section 104(1); and
  - (b) references in section 30 or section 34 of that Act—
    - (i) to section 22(1)(a) or 22(1)(b) of that Act must be read as if they were references to section 104(1)(a); and
    - (ii) to section 22(1)(c) of that Act must be read as if they were references to section 104(1)(b); and
    - (iii) to section 22(1)(d) of that Act must be read as if they were references to section 104(1)(c).
- (3) Nothing in section 104 includes as discrimination—
- (a) anything done or omitted for any of the reasons set out in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of section 73(1) of the Human Rights Act 1993 (which relate to measures to ensure equality); or
  - (b) preferential treatment granted by reason of any of the reasons set out in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) of section 74 of the Human Rights Act 1993 (which relate to pregnancy, childbirth, or family responsibilities); or
  - (c) retiring an employee or requiring or causing an employee to retire at a particular age that has effect by virtue of section 149(2) of the Human Rights Act 1993 (which is a savings provision in relation to retirement ages specified in certain employment contracts).

**107 Definition of involvement in activities of union for purposes of section 104**

- (1) For the purposes of section 104, **involvement in the activities of a union** means that, within 12 months before the action complained of, the employee—
- (a) was an officer of a union or part of a union, or was a member of the committee of management of a union or part of a union, or was otherwise an official or representative of a union or part of a union; or
  - (b) had acted as a negotiator or representative of employees in collective bargaining; or
  - (ba) had participated in a strike lawfully; or
  - (c) was involved in the formation or the proposed formation of a union; or
  - (d) had made or caused to be made a claim for some benefit of an employment agreement either for that employee or any other employee, or had supported any such claim, whether by giving evidence or otherwise; or
  - (e) had submitted another personal grievance to that employee's employer; or
  - (f) had been allocated, had applied to take, or had taken any employment relations education leave under this Act; or
  - (g) was a delegate of other employees in dealing with the employer on matters relating to the employment of those employees.
- (2) *[Repealed]*

## **108 Sexual harassment**

- (1) For the purposes of sections 103(1)(d) and 123(d), an employee is **sexually harassed in that employee's employment** if that employee's employer or a representative of that employer—
- (a) directly or indirectly makes a request of that employee for sexual intercourse, sexual contact, or other form of sexual activity that contains—
    - (i) an implied or overt promise of preferential treatment in that employee's employment; or
    - (ii) an implied or overt threat of detrimental treatment in that employee's employment; or
    - (iii) an implied or overt threat about the present or future employment status of that employee; or
  - (b) by—
    - (i) the use of language (whether written or spoken) of a sexual nature; or
    - (ii) the use of visual material of a sexual nature; or
    - (iii) physical behaviour of a sexual nature, —  
directly or indirectly subjects the employee to behaviour that is unwelcome or offensive to that employee (whether or not that is conveyed to the employer or representative) and that, either by its nature or through repetition, has a detrimental effect on that employee's employment, job performance, or job satisfaction.
- (2) For the purposes of sections 103(1)(d) and 123(d), an employee is also **sexually harassed in that employee's employment** (whether by a co-employee or by a client or customer of the employer), if the circumstances described in section 117 have occurred.

## **109 Racial harassment**

- (1) For the purposes of sections 103(1)(e) and 123(d), an employee is **racially harassed in the employee's employment** if the employee's employer or a representative of that employer uses language (whether written or spoken), or visual material, or physical behaviour that directly or indirectly—
- (a) expresses hostility against, or brings into contempt or ridicule, the employee on the ground of the race, colour, or ethnic or national origins of the employee; and
  - (b) is hurtful or offensive to the employee (whether or not that is conveyed to the employer or representative); and
  - (c) has, either by its nature or through repetition, a detrimental effect on the employee's employment, job performance, or job satisfaction.

**110 Duress**

- (1) For the purposes of section 103(1)(f), an employee is **subject to duress in that employee's employment in relation to membership or non-membership of a union or employees organisation** if that employee's employer or a representative of that employer directly or indirectly—
- (a) makes membership of a union or employees organisation or of a particular union or employees organisation a condition to be fulfilled if that employee wishes to retain that employee's employment; or
  - (b) makes non-membership of a union or employees organisation or of a particular union or employees organisation a condition to be fulfilled if that employee wishes to retain that employee's employment; or
  - (c) exerts undue influence on that employee, or offers, or threatens to withhold or does withhold, any incentive or advantage to or from that employee, or threatens to or does impose any disadvantage on that employee, with intent to induce that employee—
    - (i) to become or remain a member of a union or employees organisation or a particular union or employees organisation; or
    - (ii) to cease to be a member of a union or employees organisation or a particular union or employees organisation; or
    - (iii) not to become a member of a union or employees organisation or a particular union or employees organisation; or
    - (iv) in the case of an employee who is authorised to act on behalf of employees, not to act on their behalf or to cease to act on their behalf; or
    - (v) on account of the fact that the employee is, or, as the case may be, is not, a member of a union or employees organisation or of a particular union or employees organisation, to resign from or leave any employment; or
    - (vi) to participate in the formation of a union or employees organisation; or
    - (vii) not to participate in the formation of a union or employees organisation.
- (2) In this section and in section 103(1)(f), **employees organisation** means any group, society, association, or other collection of employees other than a union, however described and whether incorporated or not, that exists in whole or in part to further the employment interests of the employees belonging to it.

## **Part 11 - Miscellaneous**

### **11.1 Serving Notices**

Any written notice to be given under this agreement by either party to the other may be served personally or by registered mail addressed to the other party and in the case of the Board at the School Office, and in the case of the Principal at the Principal's last known residential address.

### **11.2 Previous Agreements**

This agreement, together with its Schedules, supersedes all previous employment agreements between the Board and the Principal.

### **11.3 Agreement Construed in Accordance with Laws in New Zealand**

This agreement shall be construed and take effect in accordance with the laws of New Zealand.

### **11.4 Privacy Act**

The Board and the Principal will abide by the privacy principles contained in the Privacy Act.

## **Schedule A - Allowances**

- 1 Where applicable to the school, the Principal shall receive an allowance calculated and payable in accordance with the isolation allowance applying to teachers in the school.
- 2 The Board shall pay a compassionate grant to the estate of the Principal in the event that the Principal dies while employed by the Board. This grant shall be payable in accordance with the compassionate grant provisions applying to teachers in the school.

### **For Female Principals**

- 3 A maternity grant is payable to female Principals on production of a birth certificate or evidence of an approved adoption placement, whether she is granted maternity leave without pay or resigns because of pregnancy or adoption except as follows: the maternity grant is not payable where the Principal has not produced a medical certificate confirming pregnancy, or confirmation from the relevant government department or ministry of suitability as an adoptive parent, before commencing leave or resigning. No provision is made for a maternity grant in the case of a miscarriage.
- 4 The amount of the maternity grant is calculated on the basis of six weeks full salary at the rate applicable at the date of birth (or placement in the case of adoption) to the position from which the Principal was granted leave of absence or resigned as the case may be. However, a woman who works less than full normal hours for reasons associated with the pregnancy, prior to taking parental leave, may have her case for full payment considered by the board. When the Principal is absent on maternity leave for less than six weeks (30 working days), the full grant equivalent to six weeks salary is still payable. The maternity grant is not reduced because salary is being received.



## Schedule B - School Closure

- 1 The Principal shall be given written notice of no less than three months of a decision to disestablish his or her position.
- 2 During the notice period the Board shall assist the Principal to locate suitable alternative employment in the New Zealand education service, and will meet the reasonable costs of the Principal attending relevant interviews where such costs are not otherwise met.
- 3 Where, prior to the disestablishment of the position:
  - (a) A reasonable offer of employment in the Education service is made to the Principal; or
  - (b) The Principal applies for a position in the education service for which he/she is suitable and declines an offer of appointment to the position.

the Board's responsibilities under these provisions shall be fulfilled and the Principal's employment may be terminated from the disestablishment of the position with no payment of compensation.

- 4 Where the Principal is appointed to a suitable alternative position in the education service and a transfer of location is involved the Principal shall be entitled to removal expenses in accordance with the removal expense provisions applying to teachers in the School.
- 5 Where a reasonable offer of employment is not made prior to the expiry of the notice period the Principal shall be offered the following options:
  - (a) Redeployment as a supernumerary teacher for up to 40 weeks;
  - (b) Retraining in a course approved by the Ministry of Education for up to 40 weeks;
  - (c) Severance payment; or
  - (d) Long Service Payment (the intention of this option is to enable the Principal to withdraw from the education service).

Details of these options are:

### **Redeployment/ supernumerary employment**

Supernumerary employment is employment for a period of up to forty (40) school weeks). A Principal whose position is disestablished who has elected to be employed as a supernumerary teacher shall be entitled to supernumerary employment in accordance with the following provisions:

- (a) The Principal will be employed as a supernumerary teacher at her/his existing salary for a period of forty (40) school weeks from the effective date of the disestablishment of the position (normally at the beginning of term one of the following year);
- (b) The Principal may elect to take up her/his supernumerary employment at the same school or at any other school at the request of the Principal and with the approval of the original employer and the board at the other school. A Principal employed as a supernumerary teacher shall have no entitlement to any vacancy arising in either the school where employed at the time or the originating school;

- (c) The employee's supernumerary employment shall cease upon the Principal being appointed to a new position or upon the employee choosing to resign or at the expiration of the forty (40) school weeks, whichever is the earlier;
- (d) Where a supernumerary teacher is appointed to a new permanent teaching or Principal position and a transfer of location is involved, that employee shall be entitled to normal removal expenses provisions provided that this entitlement shall be exercised once only for each supernumerary period;

**Note:** Attention is drawn to the removal expense provisions applying to teachers in the School.

### **Retraining**

Where a Principal's position is disestablished the Principal may elect to take a course of study approved by the Secretary for Education that will enhance or upgrade the Principal's skills as a school teacher or Principal, provided that:

- (a) The Principal will continue to be employed at her/his existing salary for a maximum period of forty (40) school weeks from the effective date of the disestablishment of the position (normally at the beginning of term one of the following year);
- (b) The Principal is employed as a supernumerary teacher during this period and has the rights and obligations of a supernumerary teacher except as specifically provided in this clause;
- (c) There is no requirement on the employer to meet any costs and expenses of training, including course fees;
- (d) The Principal will provide evidence of attendance at the approved course of study where required by the employer. The employer may make enquiries during the retraining period to establish that the employee is undertaking the approved course of study;
- (e) Where the approved course of study is for a shorter period than forty (40) school weeks the Principal is required to attend the school as a supernumerary teacher in periods when the school is open for instruction;
- (f) Where the course of study commences later than the effective date of disestablishment, the Principal is required to attend the school as a supernumerary teacher in periods when the school is open for instruction, except in special circumstances approved by the employer;
- (g) Where the Principal chooses to withdraw from the course before its completion, further employment shall cease, except where the Principal and the Secretary for Education agree that there was just cause for the withdrawal the employee shall return to the school as a supernumerary teacher for the remainder of the retraining period;
- (h) Where the course of study is completed prior to 40 weeks, the Principal may elect to terminate their supernumerary employment with no further compensation.

### **Severance Payment**

- (i) If the Principal has up to three (3) years service he/she shall receive three (3) months ordinary pay (taxable salary); or
- (ii) If the Principal has over three (3) years service and up to five (5) years service he/she shall receive four (4) months ordinary pay (taxable salary); or

- (iii) If the Principal has five (5) years service and over he/she shall receive six (6) months ordinary pay (taxable salary).

PROVIDED that if the Principal, following disestablishment of his/her position commences permanent employment in the education service before the expiry of the period in respect of which the payment was made (i.e., three months, four months or six months), the Principal shall refund the portion of the severance payment which represents the difference between the period in respect of which the payment was made and the number of weeks without employment.

#### **Long Service Payment**

- (i) If the Principal has twenty-five years service or more he/she shall be paid a lump sum of six months ordinary pay (taxable salary) plus one week's ordinary pay for each complete year of service. The maximum amount payable under this clause shall not exceed salary for one year.

PROVIDED that if the Principal, following closure, begins permanent employment in the Education Service before the expiry of the period of weeks for which a long service payment has been made, the Principal shall refund the portion of the long service payment which represents the difference between the period for which the payment was made and the number of weeks without employment.

#### 6 "Service" for the purposes of these provisions shall mean:

Service in a full-time capacity as a teacher in any

- State School
- Integrated School
- Kindergarten (within the meaning of the Education Act 1964)
- Technical Institute
- College of Education
- University
- Agricultural College

or, where a proportion of that service was part-time, on the basis that 80 hours equals one months service and 1,000 hours equals one years service. Non-permanent part-time service of twenty hours per week or more shall be credited as full-time service.

And shall include:

- (i) service credits for childcare, where the Principal had resigned or took leave to care for his/her children, on the basis of one third credit for each year of such leave up to a maximum of five years credit.

But shall exclude:

- (ii) any period of service in the education service (as defined in section 2 of the State Sector Act 1988) that ended with a payment of severance or long service leave.

## Schedule C - Transfers and Removals

1. Area School Principals are entitled to access the removal expenses provisions detailed in Part 7 of the Area School Teachers' Collective Agreement (ASTCA).
2. Area School Principals should note the following:
  - The Ministry of Education provides a lump sum payment to cover the travel, phone, transfer grant, accommodation expenses and travelling meal allowances entitlements outlined in Part 7 of the ASTCA. However, this does not prevent a Principal from choosing (as an alternative to the lump sum payment) to claim entitlements as specified in Part 7 and based on itemised receipts.
  - That transfer and removal payments will not be made for the cost associated with the sale and purchase of holiday homes and/or investment properties, i.e., expenses may only be claimed for the Principal's nominated place of residence.
3. Area school principals in receipt of the Principal Recruitment Allowance should note the following:
  - Where a principal has the approval of the Secretary for Education to receive the Principal Recruitment Allowance s/he shall be eligible for removal expenses when moving to the school where the allowance is payable, provided the appointment involves a shift to another housing district.
  - A principal in receipt of the Principal Recruitment Allowance shall also be eligible for removal expenses when moving from the school after completing a minimum of three (3) years' continuous service at the school. Eligibility is subject to the principal transferring directly to another state or state integrated school as a principal or teacher in a permanent position or in a long term reliever appointment of at least one year and that the transfer involves a shift to another housing district.

## Schedule D – Medical retirement

- 1.1 (a) The purpose of this provision is to:
- (i) Provide the opportunity for Principals, currently in service, who are declared medically unfit or who have a terminal illness to retire from teaching with dignity;
  - (ii) Give the ability for boards to recruit a new Principal to the vacant permanent position without delay.
- (b) ‘Currently in service’ means the Principal is employed in a permanent position at the time the application for medical retirement is made and when concurrence is given by the Secretary for Education. This provision cannot be granted retrospectively.
- 1.2 (a) A permanently appointed Principal, currently in service, may be granted medical retirement under this clause in circumstances where the Principal has a either a terminal or serious illness which causes them to be incapable of continuing to work or returning to work.
- (b) Serious illness includes serious injury.
- (c) Stress is not considered to be a medical diagnosis. Any application for concurrence on the basis of stress will be declined. However, the medical impact of stress if it meets the criteria will be considered.
- (d) A Principal is considered to be medically unfit for work by reason of terminal illness if they have a terminal illness which causes them to be incapable of continuing to work or returning to work in a state or state integrated school.
- (e) A Principal is considered to be medically unfit for work by reason of serious illness if they are wholly or substantially unable to perform the duties of the position at the school and is unlikely currently or at any time in the foreseeable future to be able to undertake new employment in any other teaching or Principal position.
- (f) A Principal is not eligible for medical retirement where they are receiving weekly compensation from ACC
- (g) Either the Principal or the employer may initiate the medical retirement process. The employer must have reasonable grounds to initiate the process. “Reasonable grounds” arise where the Principal for a prolonged period is wholly or substantially unable to perform the duties of the position at the school due to medical reasons.
- 1.3 Principal Initiated Process
- (a) (i) If the Principal initiates the process, the Principal shall provide to the employer from a registered medical specialist in writing the following: a description of the Principal’s illness, a statement as to whether or not the Principal will be able to wholly or substantially perform their duties both currently and in the foreseeable future, and the reasons for the decision.
- (ii) The employer may require a further medical opinion from a registered medical specialist nominated by the employer.
- (iii) If two medical opinions from a medical specialist are sought and these medical opinions conflict, the Principal and employer shall attempt to agree on a third medical specialist to provide a further medical certificate. If they cannot agree, the employer shall nominate the medical specialist.

- (b) (i) If the Principal is unable to obtain a registered medical specialist opinion in a timely fashion, or by virtue of distance, then the Principal will undergo a medical examination from a registered general practitioner. The general practitioner shall provide in writing the following:
  - a description of the Principal's illness, a statement as to whether or not the Principal will be able to wholly or substantially perform her/his duties both currently and in the foreseeable future, and the reasons for the decision; and
  - attestation that the Principal could not obtain an opinion from a registered medical specialist.
- (ii) The employer may require a further medical certificate from a registered general practitioner nominated by the employer.
- (iii) If two medical certificates are sought and the medical opinions conflict, the Principal and employer shall attempt to agree on a third registered general practitioner or medical specialist to provide a further medical certificate. If they cannot agree, the employer shall nominate the registered general practitioner.
- (c) All costs associated with the second and third medical certificates or medical opinions shall be met by the employer.

#### 1.4 Employer Initiated Process

##### (a) Pre-process

Where the employer has reasonable grounds (as outlined in 1.2) to consider that the Principal may be medically unfit for work as outlined in 1.2, the employer will in the first instance:

- (i) write to the Principal outlining the concerns and the grounds on which it has formed a view that medical retirement may be an appropriate option;
- (ii) inform the Principal they are entitled to attend up to three sessions from an employee assistance programme (EAP) and extend to the Principal the opportunity to access EAP counselling;
- (iii) outline the medical retirement process should the employer proceed with the process; and
- (iv) inform the Principal of their right to have a representative.

##### Initiation of Process

##### (b) Registered Medical Specialist

Following the completion of the pre-process:

- (i) Where the employer proceeds with the process, the Principal shall undergo a medical examination from a registered medical specialist nominated by the employer.
- (ii) The medical specialist shall provide in writing a description of the Principal's illness, a statement as to whether or not the Principal will be able to wholly or substantially perform her/his duties both currently and in the foreseeable future, and the reasons for the decision.

- (iii) The Principal is entitled to seek a second medical specialist's opinion.  
Where two medical specialist opinions are sought and these medical opinions agree that the Principal will not be able to wholly or substantially perform their duties both currently and in the foreseeable future, then the employer may seek concurrence to medically retire the Principal.
- (c) Registered General Practitioner
  - (i) If the employer is unable to obtain a registered medical specialist opinion in a timely fashion, or by virtue of distance, then the Principal will undergo a medical examination from a registered general practitioner nominated by the employer (or two general practitioners if the Principal so wishes, one nominated by the employer and the other by the Principal). The general practitioner(s) shall provide in writing the following:
    - a description of the Principal's illness, a statement as to whether or not the Principal will be able to wholly or substantially perform their duties both currently and in the foreseeable future, and the reasons for the decision; and
    - attestation that the Principal could not obtain an opinion from a registered medical specialist.
  - (ii) Where two medical opinions from a general practitioner are sought and these medical opinions conflict, the Principal and employer shall attempt to agree on a third registered general practitioner to provide a further medical certificate. If they cannot agree, the employer shall nominate the registered general practitioner.
- (d) All costs associated with the medical examination(s) and the Principal assistance programme shall be met by the employer.

1.5 Where the majority of medical evidence does not support a claim for medical retirement under this provision this process shall cease.

#### 1.6 Seeking Concurrence

- (a) Where the majority of medical evidence supports the application for medical retirement either by reason of terminal or serious illness, as per 1.2, the employer shall seek the concurrence of the Secretary for Education to medically retire the Principal.
- (b) All applications for concurrence must be in writing and accompanied by the correct documentation.
- (c) Applications for concurrence for medical retirement will be granted where the following criteria have been met:
  - (i) The process has been followed; and
  - (ii) The medical evidence has been supplied in sufficient detail so as to support the application for medical retirement as specified in 1.2.
- (d) Where the medical evidence that has been supplied is not of sufficient detail to enable full consideration of the application for medical retirement, the Secretary for Education may request that the employer seek a further medical opinion.

## 1.7 Medical Retirement Payment

(a) Upon receiving notification that the Secretary for Education has granted concurrence, the employer shall notify the Principal that they are medically retired as of the date of the Secretary's notification. No notice is payable. The Principal shall be medically retired and may elect either to:

(i) Receive remaining sick leave as a single payment.

The Principal will receive the remainder of their sick leave (that is, the outstanding sick leave balance as at the final day of employment) as a lump-sum payment; or

(ii) Receive a lump sum payment

A lump sum payment of 13 weeks salary plus an additional week for each year of service after 25 years service, up to a maximum of 13 weeks (i.e. the total maximum payment payable under this provision is 26 weeks). Any paid sick leave taken by the Principal in the four weeks prior to the application to medically retire shall be subtracted from the payment.

**Note:** *Payment will be based on the normal fortnightly salary of the Principal at the time of medical retirement. It does not attract any salary increment that may fall due after the date of medical retirement. Holiday pay to the date of medical retirement is payable. The lump sum does not attract holiday pay.*

(b) The Principal is not entitled to change options once the option has been actioned.

(c) Disregarded sick leave is not able to be converted to a payment under any of the provisions of medical retirement

**Note:** *For the sake of completeness please note that all payments are subject to normal tax provisions.*

## 1.8 Vacant Position Appointment

(a) From the date of the Secretary for Education gives notification of concurrence to medical retirement, regardless of the option chosen by the Principal under 1.7, the employer shall be entitled to make a permanent appointment to the position as if that position were vacant. This position shall be advertised in the Education Gazette as an actual vacancy position.

(b) The Education Council will be notified by the employer that the Principal has been medically retired.

## 1.9 Re-entry policy

(a) It is not contemplated that when a Principal is medically retired from the teaching profession that they will return to work as either a Principal or a teacher in the future. It is however acknowledged that in exceptional circumstances a Principal may become medically fit to work in the teaching service.



- (b) Where a Principal who has been medically retired under any clause set out in this provision is declared medically fit by a registered medical specialist and is reemployed in any teaching or Principal position in the Education Service (as defined in section 2 of the State Sector Act) the following shall apply:
  - (i) The Principal shall be entitled to sick leave in accordance with the provisions of the Holidays Act 2003 and not the provisions in the ASPCA.
  - (ii) Where employment in any teaching or Principal position in the Education Service (as defined in section 2 of the State Sector Act) commences within a number of weeks which is less than the number of weeks of payment received by the Principal under 1.7(a) (i) the Principal shall refund the difference between the number of weeks for which they were without employment and the number of weeks for which the payment was calculated.
  - (iii) A Principal cannot be medically retired twice for any of reasons outlined in this Appendix.

**Terms of Settlement  
Area School Principals' Collective Agreement  
30 June 2016**

**1. Introduction**

This document sets out the agreed components of the settlement for the Area School Principals' Collective Agreement 2016-2019 (ASPCA). This agreement has been settled by the Secretary for Education and the Post Primary Teachers' Association Te Wehengarua (PPTA Te Wehengarua) and the New Zealand Educational Institute Te Riu Roa (NZEI Te Riu Roa) and shall be subject to ratification by PPTA Te Wehengarua and NZEI Te Riu Roa members covered by the ASPCA pursuant to section 51 of the Employment Relations Act 2000.

The document comprises both the following elements of the settlement and attachments which provide specific clauses/changes to the provisions of the ASPCA. Full details of each provision are contained in this Terms of Settlement, including attachments.

**2. Term**

The term of the ASPCA will be 36 months from the date of settlement (30 June 2016 to 29 June 2019), provided ratification is confirmed and the new collective agreement is signed no later than 3pm 8 July 2016. If not, the term will be 36 months from the date of ratification.

**3. Remuneration**

The parties agree that the increases to the elements outlined in (a) to (e) below for principals who, on the date of settlement, are PPTA Te Wehengarua or NZEI Te Riu Roa members employed under the terms of the ASPCA will take effect from 2 June 2016, 2 June 2017 and 2 June 2018 respectively. The effective dates of these increases are subject to confirmation of ratification and the signing of the new collective agreement by 3pm 8 July 2016.

In the event that ratification is not confirmed and the new collective agreement is not signed by 3pm 8 July 2016, the increases to the elements outlined in (a) to (e) below will take effect from the date of ratification, 12 months from the date of ratification and 24 months from the date of ratification respectively.

(a) School roll-based salary component (Upgrade)

The parties agree to increase the school roll-based salary component by 2% from 2 June 2016 with a further 2% increase from 2 June 2017 and a further 2% increase from 2 June 2018. Below is the table outlining the changes to the school roll-based salary component (Upgrade) rates:

Upgrade	Current	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
1	\$77,373	\$78,920	\$80,499	\$82,109
2	\$84,538	\$86,229	\$87,953	\$89,712
3	\$91,557	\$93,388	\$95,256	\$97,161
4	\$98,731	\$100,706	\$102,720	\$104,774
5	\$105,905	\$108,023	\$110,184	\$112,387
6	\$110,006	\$112,206	\$114,450	\$116,739
7	\$114,275	\$116,561	\$118,892	\$121,270
8	\$118,547	\$120,918	\$123,336	\$125,803
9	\$121,450	\$123,879	\$126,357	\$128,884
10	\$124,353	\$126,840	\$129,377	\$131,964
11	\$128,589	\$131,161	\$133,784	\$136,460
12	\$132,827	\$135,484	\$138,193	\$140,957
13	\$136,788	\$139,524	\$142,314	\$145,161
14	\$140,751	\$143,566	\$146,437	\$149,366
15	\$144,219	\$147,103	\$150,045	\$153,046
16	\$147,687	\$150,641	\$153,654	\$156,727

(b) Staffing component

The parties agree to increase the staffing based salary component by 2% from 2 June 2016 with a further 2% increase from 2 June 2017 and a further 2% increase from 2 June 2018. Below is the table outlining the changes to the staffing based salary component:

Total teacher staff (TTS)	Current rates	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
≤13	(\$709*TTS) + \$2,760	(\$723*TTS) + \$2,815	(\$738*TTS) + \$2,872	(\$752*TTS) + \$2,929
>13	(\$140*TTS) + \$10,547	(\$143*TTS) + \$10,758	(\$146*TTS) + \$10,973	(\$149*TTS) + \$11,193

(c) Decile payments

The parties agree to increase the decile payments by 2% from 2 June 2016 with a further 2% increase from 2 June 2017 and a further 2% increase from 2 June 2018. Below is the table outlining the changes to the decile payments:

**Decile 1 or 2 school**

Ugrade	Current	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
1	\$3,633	\$3,706	\$3,780	\$3,855
2	\$4,123	\$4,205	\$4,290	\$4,375
3	\$4,472	\$4,561	\$4,653	\$4,746
4	\$4,821	\$4,917	\$5,016	\$5,116
5	\$5,171	\$5,274	\$5,380	\$5,488
6 and 7	\$5,380	\$5,488	\$5,597	\$5,709
8 and 9	\$5,800	\$5,916	\$6,034	\$6,155
10 and 11	\$6,079	\$6,201	\$6,325	\$6,451
12+	\$6,289	\$6,415	\$6,543	\$6,674

**Decile 3 or 4 school**

Ugrade	Current	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
1	\$1,817	\$1,853	\$1,890	\$1,928
2	\$2,061	\$2,102	\$2,144	\$2,187
3	\$2,235	\$2,280	\$2,325	\$2,372
4	\$2,411	\$2,459	\$2,508	\$2,559
5	\$2,585	\$2,637	\$2,689	\$2,743
6 and 7	\$2,690	\$2,744	\$2,799	\$2,855
8 and 9	\$2,900	\$2,958	\$3,017	\$3,078
10 and 11	\$3,039	\$3,100	\$3,162	\$3,225
12+	\$3,144	\$3,207	\$3,271	\$3,336

(d) Area School Principals' Career Structure

The parties agree to increase the career structure payments by 2% from 2 June 2016 with a further 2% increase from 2 June 2017 and a further 2% increase from 2 June 2018. Below is the table outlining the changes to the career structure payments:

Career Stage	Current rates	Rate effective 2 June 2016	Rate effective 2 June 2017	Rate effective 2 June 2018
Initial Principal (stage one)	\$3,500	\$3,570	\$3,641	\$3,714
Experienced Principal (stage two)	\$7,000	\$7,140	\$7,283	\$7,428
Leading Principal (stage three)	\$10,500	\$10,710	\$10,924	\$11,143

(e) Area School Principals' Payment

The parties agree to increase the base rate by \$250 (from \$3,500 to \$3,750) from 2 June 2016 with a further increase of \$250 (from \$3,750 to \$4,000) from 2 June 2017 and \$320 (from \$4,000 to \$4,320) from 2 June 2018. The parties also agree to increase the FTTE payment by 2% from 2 June 2016 with a further 2% increase from 2 June 2017 and a further 2% increase from 2 June 2018.

*See clause 3.8.1*

The parties agree to add a new clause regarding decile protection as follows:

3.4.3 (c) *In the event that the decile component of the principals' current remuneration structure is removed the existing rate will be protected for a period of 24 months from the first day the change takes effect.*

#### **4. Review of Area School Principal Remuneration**

The parties agree to establish a working group focused on reviewing area school principal remuneration.

#### **5. Paid Sabbatical Leave Scheme**

The parties agree to increase the number of sabbatical leave awards from 7 to 10 awards from the start of the 2018 school year.

*See clause 5.2*

#### **6. Reimbursement of costs associated with sabbatical leave**

The parties agree that from the start of the 2018 school year a new provision will be introduced to allow for the reimbursement of approved costs associated with the work proposal for a sabbatical. The maximum total annual cost of any such reimbursements will be \$50,000 and the maximum total reimbursement of costs for any one sabbatical shall be \$5,000. Guidelines will be developed by the parties and NZSTA in accordance with clause 5.2.3 and clause 5.3 for the reimbursement of costs prior to applications being called for sabbaticals in the 2018 school year.

New clause 5.2.4

5.2.4 At the time of application for sabbatical leave a principal may also apply for the reimbursement of costs associated with the work proposal for the sabbatical to a maximum of \$5,000 and subject to clause 5.3 below. The panel established under clause 5.2.3 will decide whether the reimbursement of costs will be approved, and whether approved in part or full.

## New clause **5.3 Reimbursement of costs associated with sabbatical leave**

- 5.3.1 From 2018 consideration may be given by the panel established under clause 5.2.3 to the reimbursement of costs, to a maximum of \$5,000, where such costs are clearly associated with the proposal of work for a sabbatical taken after 2017, in accordance with the agreed criteria developed by the parties and NZSTA. The maximum total cost of reimbursements for costs associated with the sabbatical leave scheme in clause 5.2 for any one school year shall not exceed \$50,000.

## **7. Māori Immersion Teaching Allowance**

The parties agree to amend clause 3.5 as outlined below:

### **3.5 Māori Immersion Teaching Allowance**

- 3.5.1 All full time principals required to teach in te Reo Māori immersion classes at levels one or two as defined in clause 3.5.5 or 3.5.6 below shall receive an allowance of \$4,000 per annum.
- 3.5.2 From the start of the 2017 school year, all full-time principals required to teach in te Reo Māori immersion classes at level one who have more than three continuous years' service teaching in level one Māori immersion classes shall receive an additional allowance of \$2,000 per annum. This is in addition to the allowance described in clause 3.5.1.
- 3.5.3 From the start of the 2017 school year, all full-time principals required to teach in te Reo Māori immersion classes at level one who have more than six continuous years' service teaching in level one Māori immersion classes the additional allowance described in clause 3.5.2 shall increase to \$4,000 per annum. This is in addition to the allowance described in clause 3.5.1.
- 3.5.4 The employer shall attest to the eligibility of principals for these allowances according to the levels of te Reo Māori immersion outlined in clause 3.5.5 or 3.5.6 below.
- 3.5.5 *renumber 3.5.4 to 3.5.5*
- 3.5.6 *renumber clause 3.5.5 to 3.5.6 and delete note after old 3.5.5*
- 3.5.7 For clarity continuous service for the payment of the allowance in clauses 3.5.2 and 3.5.3 above shall be interrupted but not broken by any periods of unpaid leave and/or breaks in teaching service and/or teaching service in classes other than Māori immersion level one.

## **8. Sick Leave**

The parties agree to include sick leave provisions in Part Five of this agreement which is intended to make the collective agreement easier to understand and be applied.

*See Part Five*

## 9. Career Structure Payment service

The parties agree to amend 4.4(e) as follows:

- 4.4(e) For the purposes of this clause, continuous service is not broken by a gap in principalship of up to three years. Service as a principal in a New Zealand State or State integrated school shall be included in the calculation of service under the service criteria. A special case may be made by a Board of Trustees to the Ministry of Education to have other principal service included in the calculation of service provided that at the time of applying the principal has completed at least a year in a New Zealand State or State integrated area school.

## 10. Payment of Education Council practising certificate fees

For the term of this Agreement (from 30 June 2016 to 29 June 2019), the Secretary for Education agrees to cover the cost of any fees set by the Education Council of Aotearoa New Zealand (Education Council), pursuant to section 364(1) of the Education Act 1989, for the purposes of the issuing or renewal of practising certificates for teachers covered by the Area School Principals' Collective Agreement 2016 - 2019. The costs of any such fees over the period will be paid directly by the Secretary for Education to the Education Council.

## 11. Technical changes

The parties agree to include all technical changes agreed between the parties.

## Acknowledgement

The parties on signing this document acknowledge that, subject to any subsequent agreed editorial changes, this Terms of Settlement reflects the agreements reached in the settlement of the Area School Principals' Collective Agreement 2016-2019.

## Signatures

Signed in Wellington on 30 June 2016

\_\_\_\_\_  
Bella Pardoe  
for NZEI Te Riu Roa

\_\_\_\_\_  
Jane Benefield  
for PPTA Te Wehengarua

\_\_\_\_\_  
Roanna Chan  
for Secretary for Education

Witnessed by:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Rob Gold  
for NZSTA

## Terms of Reference

### Review of area school principal remuneration

#### Preamble

The parties and the New Zealand School Trustees Association (NZSTA) note that the same elements of the basic structure of area school principal remuneration have been in place for some time, and that more recent developments, such as the importance of increasing collaboration between schools and the focus on leadership in schools, including struggling schools, suggest it may be timely and important to review the structure overall.

#### Review Process

The parties, together with NZSTA, agree to review area school principal remuneration and related conditions during the term of this collective agreement.

The purpose of the review is to develop, without prejudice, possible options for amendments or additions to the remuneration structure, and/or other provisions to reflect actual and desirable changes in the area school principal role.

#### Principles

The principles underpinning the review of remuneration for area school principals include;

- a focus on educational success for every child throughout their learning pathway
- the need for effective resourcing, including the ability to target relevant resources to areas and schools of higher need
- a commitment to our national language te reo Māori and to the bicultural, treaty-based partnership in Aotearoa New Zealand
- consideration of the impact of changes to current models on individual principals to ensure no actual financial disadvantage in terms of diminishing their permanent remuneration at the time of transition to a new model, and assuming at least an equivalent role
- recognition of the uniqueness of local contexts and needs, and allowing the flexibility to respond to changing environments within a self-governing school environment
- the support and promotion of the hauora of learners, teachers and leaders is essential to achieve positive outcomes.

#### Scope

The scope of the work will include:

- A review of the changes to the role of the area school principal which would justify changes to the remuneration and conditions of some or all area school principals.
- A review of the current remuneration structure to consider the balance between:
  - Components that reflect the “size” dimension of schools. The U-Grade, and staffing components are the main such elements; and
  - Components that reflect the nature of the leadership challenge. The decile funding payments, Area School High Priority Principals’ Allowance, the Principal Recruitment Allowance and Community of Learning (or Schools) Leadership Payment are the pay components that have been linked to this issue; and
  - Components that recognise and encourage the individual professional growth, leadership and contribution of an area school principal. The Career Structure Payments and Community of Learning (or Schools) Leadership Payment Pathways recognise these elements; and
  - The need to provide incentives for accepting principal roles in the most challenging schools as well as reflecting the challenges that principals face. The Principal Recruitment Allowance is directed at this issue.



- Other factors the parties may consider relevant such as the specific and complex issues faced by principals of area schools, and kura a rohe, particularly isolated and small ones.
- The outcome of the review may be used to inform the next round of collective bargaining for the ASPCA, or be the basis for a variation in the term of the current agreement, or the parties and NZSTA might agree to undertake further work.

### **Timeline**

The review group will be composed of representatives from each of the parties and NZSTA.

The parties and NZSTA will meet before 30 October 2016 to further scope the review and agree process, meeting and reporting dates.

They may individually consult with other stakeholders in the state or state integrated school sector in the course of the review and may mutually agree to seek written submissions from individuals or other organisations to the review.

A report to the Secretary for Education, Presidents of the PPTA, NZEI and NZSTA will be finalised by 30 July 2017.

### **Signatures**

Signed in Wellington on 30 June 2016

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Bella Pardoe  
for NZEI Te Riu Roa

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Jane Benefield  
for PPTA Te Wehengarua

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Roanna Chan  
for Secretary for Education

Witnessed by:

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Rob Gold  
for NZSTA

Signatories

**Signed at Wellington on 8 July 2016**

Jane Benefield  
Industrial Advocate  
PPTA

Bella Pardoe  
Executive Officer  
NZEI Te Riu Roa

Roanna Chan  
Advocate  
Ministry of Education

Witnessed by:

Rob Gold  
NZSTA